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County of Northumberland.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER

OF HEALTH

AND

SANITARY INSPECTOR

For the Year 1948.

Prudhoe Urban District Council.

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PRUDHOE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1948.

Medical Officer of Health :

M. HOPPER, M.B., B.S., B.Hy., D.P.H.

To the Chairman and Members of the Prudhoe Urban District Council :
GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report upon the Vital Statistics and Health of the District, for the year ended 31st December, 1948.

On December 1st, 1948, I commenced duty as Medical Officer of Health in succession to Dr. Dewell who had temporarily held the post since July, when Dr. G. McCoull terminated his position with the Council.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres)	...	...	...	...	3,889
Population	...	...	...	...	9,288, as compared with 9,246 in 1947.
No. of Inhabited Houses	...	...	...	...	2,500

The main occupations in the Area are Coal Mining and Chemical Works.

The District consists of the following Parishes with acreage as given :

Prudhoe	...	...	...	1,457.368 acres.
Prudhoe Castle	...	...	...	644.944 „
Eltringham...	...	...	...	355.658 „
Mickley	...	...	...	1,430.554 „

BIRTHS.

				Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	...	...	...	82	85	167
Illegitimate	...	...	...	4	3	7
				—	—	—
				86	88	174
				—	—	—

Birth Rate.

18.73 per 1,000 population per annum compared with 17.95 per 1,000 population per annum in 1947. Birth rate for England and Wales in 1948 was 17.9 per 1,000 population per annum.

Still Births.

				Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	...	...	...	2	2	4
Illegitimate	...	...	...	—	1	1
				—	—	—
				2	3	5
				—	—	—

The Still Birth Rate was .54 per 1,000 population per annum compared with .86 per 1,000 population per annum in 1947, and a Still Birth Rate of .42 for England and Wales in 1948.

GENERAL DEATH RATE.

The total number of deaths registered during 1948 was 86 compared with 94 in 1947. Death Rate was 9.2 per 1,000 population per annum compared with 10.1 per 1,000 population per annum in 1947. The death rate for England and Wales for 1948 was 10.8 per 1,000 population per annum.

Causes of Death.

					Males	Females
ALL CAUSES	...	...	...	...	44	42
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	...	...	...	...	—	—
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	...	...	...	...	—	—
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	—	—
Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...	—	—
Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	—	—
Tuberculosis	...	...	...	...	—	—
Measles	...	...	...	...	—	—
Pneumonia	...	...	...	...	1	1
Digestive Diseases	...	...	...	...	2	2
Premature Birth	...	...	...	...	1	1
Ulcer of Stomach	...	...	...	...	1	—
Intra-cranial vascular lesions	...	...	...	...	5	8
Bronchitis	...	...	...	...	—	1
Heart Disease	...	...	...	...	18	17
Cancer	...	...	...	...	6	7
Violent causes	...	...	...	...	2	1
Road traffic accidents	...	...	...	...	—	1
All other causes	...	...	...	...	8	3
					—	—
					44	42
					—	—

Individual Causes of Death.

Heart and circulatory diseases head this list. The number of deaths is 35 in 1948 compared with 32 in 1947. Deaths from intra-cranial vascular lesions were 13 in 1948 as against 22 in 1947.

Cancer.

There was a slight increase in the deaths from Cancer being 13 in 1948 as against 10 in 1947. There was an increase of 3 in "Cancer of other sites."

Maternal Mortality.

There were no maternal deaths registered during 1948. The figure for England and Wales in 1948 was 1.02.

Infantile Mortality.

The total number of deaths under one year of age was 9 compared with 10 in 1947. The Infantile Mortality Rate is thus 51.7 per 1,000 live births. Death rate of all infants under one year in England and Wales per 1,000 live births was 34 compared with 41 in 1947.

The Infantile Mortality Rate for the three previous years was 60.24 in 1947, 60.8 in 1946 and 67.6 in 1945.

This shows a progressive decline. The present rate appears high compared with that of the country generally, but the relatively small population causes one death to increase the rate by the figure of 8.5.

Infantile Mortality Rates (for comparison).

Year		Prudhoe U.D.C.		England & Wales	
1945	67.6	...	46.0
1946	60.8	...	43.0
1947	60.24	...	41.0
1948	51.7	...	34.0

Year		Prudhoe U.D.C.	
1910	132.1
1922	91.34
1925	76.92
1926	92.29

TUBERCULOSIS.

The position regarding Tuberculosis at December 31st, 1948 was as follows :—

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
31st December, 1948	... 16	8	8	10	42
31st December, 1947	... 13	13	11	16	53

The number of new cases reported in 1948 were 5 Pulmonary, classified as follows :—

	Male		Female	
15 to 20 years	—	1
20 to 30 years	2	—
30 to 40 years	1	—
40 to 50 years	1	—
Total	4	1

In 1947, 17 new cases were notified being 11 male and 6 female.

The register at 31st December, 1948, shows 42 cases made up as follows :—

				Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
				Male	Female	Male	Female
Age under 2 years	...	...	—	—	—	—	—
2 to 10 years	...	...	2	—	2	1	
10 to 20 years	...	...	3	2	3	3	
21 to 30 years	...	...	3	2	2	1	
31 to 40 years	...	...	5	3	1	4	
41 to 50 years	...	...	3	1	—	1	
Over 50 years	...	...	—	—	—	—	—
				—	—	—	—
				16	8	8	10
				—	—	—	—

There were no deaths from Tuberculosis in 1948. The death rate for England and Wales was 0.51 per 1,000 population for 1948. The number of new notifications decreased from 17 (8 Pulmonary and 9 Non-Pulmonary) in 1947 to 5 Pulmonary and no Non-Pulmonary in 1948.

Mass Radiography.

The Mass Radiography Unit operated in the district from 6th October to 9th November, 1948. A total of 2,648 persons attended and had miniature films taken. 102 large films were taken from these and 9 persons were referred to the Dispensary, being a percentage of 0.34 people referred for further advice. The public response was regarded as being satisfactory and appreciation of the work done by the Health Department was expressed by the Secretary of the Newcastle-on-Tyne Regional Hospital Board.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Prevalence and Control.

The notifications of these Diseases are set out in a separate table in the Report. Measles notifications totalled 38 compared with 218 in 1947. From the records of the district, it appears that the months of April and May of each second year brings an increased incidence of Measles.

No positive case of Diphtheria occurred during the year. There were 42 cases of Scarlet Fever in 1948 as against 6 in 1947.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, Diphtheria Immunisation of children, 5—15 years as well as those of 1—5 years, came under the care of the County Council on July 5th, 1948. Until the South Area administration was developed, immunisation of school children was carried out by the Authority up to the Autumn of 1948. 67% of children in the 0—5 age groups and 98% of the children in the 5—15 age groups have been immunised.

Immunisation of children under 5 years of age is done regularly at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres of the County Council and by the general practitioners of the district.

The figure of 67% of children under 5 years of age compares favourably with figures in other districts, but there is still room for improvement. Early immunisation at about eight months old is being stressed.

**TOTAL NUMBER OF CHILDREN IN THE AREA WHO WERE
IMMUNISED DURING THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1948.**

	Number of children who completed a full course of Immunisation			Total No. of Children who were given a Reinforcing Injection
	Age at final Injection		TOTAL	
	Under 5 years	5—15 years		
Prudhoe U.D.C.	127	35	162	732

NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

					Total Cases Notified.
Smallpox	...	...	...	...	—
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	42
Pneumonia	...	...	...	...	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	...	...	...	...	—
Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	1 (Notified subse- quently proved negative)
Erysipelas	...	...	...	...	3
Measles	...	...	...	...	38
Dysentery	...	...	...	...	—
Malaria	...	...	...	...	—
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	...	...	...	...	2
Whooping Cough	...	...	...	...	11
					—
					97
					—

FOOD POISONING.

Total number of outbreaks	No. of cases	No. of deaths	Organisms or other agents responsible, with No. of outbreaks of each	Foods involved with No. of out- breaks of each
Nil	Nil	Nil	—	—

In July the Lcmington Isolation Hospital was transferred under the National Health Service Act to the control of the Newcastle Regional Hospital Board. Infectious cases are now taken to Walkergate Hospital.

**TABLE OF DEATH RATE AND BIRTH RATE
AS COMPARED WITH ENGLAND AND WALES.**

YEAR	General Death Rate		Infantile Mortality Rate		Birth Rate	
	Prudhoc	England & Wales	Prudhoc	England & Wales	Prudhoe	England & Wales
1945	8.9	11.4	67.6	46.0	15.3	16.10
1946	10.16	11.5	60.8	43.0	15.8	19.1
1947	10.1	12.0	60.24	41.0	17.95	20.5
1948	9.2	10.8	51.7	34.0	18.73	17.9

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

The examination and analysis of Chemical material (Sputum, Swabs, etc.) Milk and Water is carried out at the Public Health Laboratory, General Hospital, Newcastle-upon Tyne. Eight water samples were submitted to the Laboratory and found to be satisfactory. Three milk samples were submitted to the Laboratory for the methylene blue reduction test. These were also found to be satisfactory.

Tubercle Bacilli.

One sample of milk was submitted for the presence of the above, and was also found to be satisfactory.

AMBULANCE SERVICES.

Mickley Ambulance service came under the control of the County Council on July 5th, 1948. This district is served by the Mickley and District Ambulance on an agency basis and Ambulances of the Newburn Station through the South Area Sub-Committee of the Northumberland County Council.

WATER SUPPLY.

The district is supplied from the mains of the Newcastle and Gateshead Water Co. Samples of water taken at different points of the system have been examined during the year, and the water has proved to be of the best quality. The district is served from two reservoirs, one at High Mickley, 30,000 gallons and the other at Drawback, 250,000 gallons. In some houses, however, the method of supply from the main to the houses is totally unsatisfactory, wall fountains being provided outside with consequent trouble during frosty weather. Larger water mains have been laid from Mickley Moor Farm to Edgewell Road. This has resulted in a better supply of water to houses in Moor Road. There are approximately 80 houses in the area supplied from standpipes.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

The details shown under this section have been compiled by Mr. W. G. Tweddle, Sanitary Officer.

On behalf of my predecessors, Dr. G. McCoull and Dr. Dewell, I wish to express to the Council, appreciation of your support and grateful thanks to the Clerk of the Council for his valuable help and co-operation and to your Sanitary Officer, and other Council Officials for their support.

I am,

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

M. HOPPER,

M.B., B.S., B.HY., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31st, 1948.

Sanitary Inspector :

W. G. TWEDDLE, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., A.M.I.S.E.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

The year has shown steady progress in the field of environmental hygiene, and work carried out is tabulated under the various headings.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

NATURE OF INSPECTIONS.

Water supply	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	
Drainage	...	...	...	...	...	...	341	
Keeping of Animals	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	
Shops	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	
Public Health and Housing Acts				...	...	...	1,159	
Factories and Outworkers	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	
Bakehouses	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	
Public Conveniences		...	...	...	...	...	33	
Refuse Collection and Disposal			...	...	...	...	320	
Rodent Control	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	
Smoke Observations		...	...	...	...	...	6	
							—	2,201
Visits re Infectious Diseases			...	...	...	...	31	
„ „ Disinfection		...	...	...	...	...	53	
Verminous premises	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	
							—	102
Food and Meat Inspection.								
Visits to Slaughter Houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Visits to Butchers, Greengrocers, and Grocers						...	96	
Visits to Cowsheds, Dairies and Ice Cream Premises, etc	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	
							—	184
Visits re sampling Milk			...	...	...	...	4	
„ „ Water			...	...	...	...	8	
							—	12
								—
								2,499
								—
No. of Informal Notices served					...	...	463	
No. of Informal Notices complied with						...	396	

Rivers and Streams.

Sewage still flows into the river at Mickley Station without treatment. The number of houses concerned in this is, however, small.

Schools.

There are six Schools in the district. Water supply being satisfactory, but drinking fountains should be provided. Sanitary conveniences are situated outside with consequent freezing up taking place during frosty weather.

Sewerage and Drainage.

Generally speaking, the sewerage system throughout the Urban area is in a satisfactory condition. Flushing tanks are fitted at the deadends of some sewers. Sixty-four new house drains have been connected up to the sewers during the year.

Sewage Disposal.

There are four installations for the treatment and disposal of sewage within the Urban area. During the year, West Wylam Sewage Disposal Works and Halfway House Sewage Disposal Works were disconnected and sewage diverted to the main works at Low Prudhoe. The Eltringham Works deal with the sewage from the village and the effluent discharges into the River Tyne by means of a culvert which passes under the railway.

Eastwood Works are in a satisfactory condition.

Mickley S.D. Works. These works deal with sewage from Mickley, High and West Mickley, Beaumont Terrace and Mount Pleasant. The works are generally in a fair condition, but the means of dealing with sludge is unsatisfactory. Bleaching powder has been used to mitigate nuisance during dry weather.

Public Health Act (Sanitary Conveniences).

During the year there have been fifty-six conversions of Privies to W.C's. Sixty-four new water closets have been provided and five ashpits have been abolished. A great improvement in the sanitation took place during the year at Mount Pleasant. The conditions obtaining were extremely bad, pail closets being situated in dilapidated structures at the rear of the dwelling houses. New brick structures housing W.C's. have been provided and only two dwelling houses remain to be provided with water carriage.

Conditions have also undergone considerable improvement in the main shopping centre of Prudhoe, there now being only one ash closet on the north side of Front Street, and eight on the south side. The position at the end of the year is that there are approximately 1,600 water closets and 630 ash closets in use.

Public Conveniences.

There are two such conveniences, one at Branch End for males and females and one at South Road for males. The convenience at South Road is difficult to keep in a clean condition and new conveniences for males and females should be provided in a more suitable position.

Refuse Collection and Disposal.

The work is carried out by direct labour. Four dustless vehicles being employed on this work. All refuse is deposited at West Wylam Tip, where approximately 6,500 tons of refuse is deposited annually, the high figure being due to the issue of miners' coals to many houses. Refuse collection has entailed the removal of refuse from 30,000 ash closets and over 90,000 dustbins.

Factories.

There are forty-five Factories on the Register comprising the following :—

Garages, etc.	12
Joiners and Builders' Premises ...	8
Bakeries	3
Bootmaking	7
Sanitary Pipe and Bricks ...	3
Blacksmith and Light Engineers ...	2
Battery Charging	3
Chemical Industry	1
Sand and Gravel	2
Miscellaneous	4
	—
	45
	—

FACTORIES ACTS 1937 and 1948.

INSPECTIONS for Purposes of Provisions as to Health.

PREMISES	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(I) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities... ..	22	7	—	—
(II) Factories not included in (I) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority... ..	23	10	—	—
(III) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers Premises)	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	45	17	—	—

CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases.")

PARTICULARS	Number of Cases in which Defects were Found				
	Found	Remedied	Referred		No. of cases Pro- secutions instituted.
			To H.M.I.	By H.M.I.	
Want of Cleanliness	3	3	—	—	—
Overcrowding	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable Temperature ...	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate Ventilation	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective Drainage of Floors ...	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences—					
(a) Insufficient	1	1	—	—	—
(b) Unsuitable or Defective ...	1	1	—	—	—
(c) Not Separate for Sexes ...	—	—	—	—	—
Other Offences (not including Offences relating to Outwork)	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	5	5	—	—	—

OUTWORK.

NATURE OF WORK	NO. OF OUT-WORKERS IN AUGUST
Wearing apparel. (Making, etc.)	1

Inspection of Meat and other Foods.

Inspection of meat sold by retail in butchers' shops have been carried out and other food shops and vehicles have been inspected.

Premises where food is prepared have received particular attention with regard to Section 13 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

A survey of food shops in the area disclosed the fact that many premises were not supplied with readily available hot water for the cleansing of hands. Attention was given to this matter and hot water heaters are being installed, with the necessary wash-up sinks. Soap, towels and nail brushes are also being provided. This work is progressing satisfactorily and is appreciated greatly by the employees in the food trades. Posters have been supplied to shops and food premises, relating to personal hygiene and general cleanliness of the premises.

Food & Drugs Act, 1938, Section 14.

Premises used for the sale, or manufacture for sale of Ice Cream, manufacture of sausages, and potted, pressed, pickled, or preserved food intended for sale.

Twenty premises are registered under this Section. Registration ensures that only suitable premises are registered for the preparation of the various foodstuffs. The meat supply to the area is drawn from slaughterhouses outside the area, viz., Newcastle and Hexham, and no slaughtering of a major kind has taken place at Prudhoe since 1939. There are three licensed slaughterhouses for occasional emergency slaughter and dressing.

TABLE 4.—FOOD INSPECTION 1948—Unsound Food.

	Unsound Food	Surrendered	Seized	Legal Proceedings
1	Beef (home-killed)	2½ st.	—	—
2	Poultry	10½ lbs.	—	—
3	Fruit	96 lbs.	—	—
4	Canned Goods ...	446 tins	—	—
5	Biscuits	19 lbs.	—	—
6	Bread	36 loaves	—	—
7	Milk	24 bottles	—	—
8	Tea	3 lbs.	—	—
9	Cereal	12 lbs.	—	—

Dairies and Cowsheds.

There are 18 cowsheds in the district, and approximately 230 cows are kept. There is only one T.T. herd. The farms are well supplied with water from the mains of the Newcastle and Gateshead Water Co.

The Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936 and 1946.

Retail Licences granted (Pasteurised)—10.

Slaughter Houses : Food and Drugs Act, 1938, Section 57.

Three slaughter houses were licensed during the year, one at Mickley and two at Prudhoe.

Tents, Vans, Sheds and Caravans, P.H.A. 1936, S. 269.

The number of licences in force is five in respect of temporary dwellings.

Housing.

During 1948, sixty-four houses were completed at Oaklands Estate. The houses owned by the Council now number 638. A survey of the Urban area has shown that there are 310 back-to-back houses which is approximately 13% of the total inhabited houses in the area.

A considerable amount of repair work has been carried out to many of the Colliery back-to-back houses, but the future of these houses will have to be considered when suitable accommodation can be made available. Many of the houses in the district consist of only one bedroom and one living room. The following houses condemned in 1937 were still occupied at 31st December, 1948 :—

Broomwood Huts	...	...	11 Repaired
Aiston's Yard	...	...	8 —
Locomotive Yard	...	...	3 Reconditioned
Etal Cottages	...	...	8 Reconditioned
			—
			30
			—

During the year the £10 licensing limit was increased to £100 and this has been helpful in carrying out repairs to dwelling houses.

Overcrowding.

During the period under review cases of overcrowding in pre-war Council houses have been dealt with by the Council.

**TABLE 2.—HOUSES ERECTED DURING THE YEAR 1948
AND INSPECTIONS UNDER THE HOUSING ACT.**

HOUSES COMPLETED DURING YEAR.	With State Assistance	Unaided	Total
(a) By Local Authority Permanent	64	—	64
Temporary	—	—	—
(b) By other Bodies or Permanent	Nil	Nil	Nil
Persons Temporary			

1.—Inspection of Dwellinghouses during the Year :

(1) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	455
(2) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous as to be unfit for human habitation	I
(3) Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation ...	239

2.—Remedy of Defects without Service of Formal Notices :

Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by Local Authority or its officers	216
--	-----

3.—Action under Statutory Powers :**(A) *Proceedings under Sections 9, 10, and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936 :***

(1) No. of dwelling houses in respect of which " notices " were served requiring repairs ...	Nil
(2) No. of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices—	
(a) By owners —	Nil
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners —	Nil

(B) *Proceedings under Public Health Acts :*

(1) No. of dwelling houses in respect of which " notices " were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil
(2) No. of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—	
(a) By owners —	Nil
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners ...	Nil

(C) *Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of Housing Act, 1936 :*

(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	Nil

(D) *Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936:*

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	Nil
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	Nil

4.—Number of houses permanently discontinued as dwellings and not included above

1

TABLE 3.—SUMMARY OF WORK EFFECTED,
PRIVIES ABOLISHED.

	Prudhoe Urban District.	After Letter or Interview	After Informal Notice	After Statutory Notice	Total
Sanitary Conveniences	Privies abolished... ..	56	—	—	56
	„ repaired	2	8	—	10
	Privy ashpits abolished	5	—	—	5
	„ „ roofed or repaired	2	5	—	7
	Pail-closets abolished	4	—	—	4
	Water closets provided	56	9	—	65
	„ „ repaired	—	1	—	1
	Sanitary bins provided } ...	103	40	—	143
	„ „ renewed } ...	60	19	—	79
Drainage	New drains constructed ...	62	—	—	62
	Drains repaired or reconstructed	—	10	—	10
	Additional gullies provided ...	4	7	—	11
	Old gullies replaced	2	7	—	9
	Scullery sinks provided	2	4	—	6
	„ waste pipes repaired ...	1	—	—	1
	„ „ trapped	2	4	—	6
	Yards repaired or reconstructed	3	3	—	6
Water supply	Sources closed or discontinued Nil	No. of houses affected Nil			
	New service provided ... 64	„ „ „ 64			

RIVERS POLLUTION.

Cases detected ——— Particulars ———
Remedied ——— do. ———

S.D. Works provided.

Further additions to Low Prudhoe Sewage Works, but the Halfway House Sewage Disposal Works and West Wylam S.D. Works discontinued.

Petroleum Acts, 1928.

1. Petroleum Storage—Number of Licences in force—14.
2. Calcium Carbide Storage—Number of Licences in force—13.

Salvage.

The following amounts of various materials were collected and sold during 1948 :—

					T.	C.	Q.	£	s.	d.
Bones	...	...	...	...	0	15	3	4	10	9
Bottles and Jars		...	...	...	—	—	—	21	18	5
Scrap Metal	...	...	...	...	5	18	2	12	13	2
Rags, etc.	...	...	...	...	1	19	1	22	4	3
Waste Paper	...	...	...	...	32	5	0	206	14	7
								<hr/>		
								£268	1	2
								<hr/>		

Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919.

Administered by the Urban District Council of Prudhoe under delegated powers by resolution of the County Council of Northumberland.

All the Council's sewers and Disposal Works and Tip have received attention and at the end of the year the sewers were completely free of rats. Private houses and shops have also been treated as required. Half the cost of this work is re-imbursed by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

TABLE 1.—SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT. YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1948.

	No. of Inspect- ions during year	No. of Defects of Contra- ventions of Bye-Laws	No. of outstanding from previous year	TOTAL	No. remedied after letter or inter- view	No. of Informal Notices served	Defects remedied thereafter	Outstand- ing Notices
HOUSING—								
Defective Food Store ...		9	2	11	2	9	11	—
Dampness ...	455	41	11	52	—	50	50	2
Overcrowding ...		2	3	5	5	—	5	—
Nuisances ...		130	16	146	10	123	133	13
Water Supply (Insufficient) (Unsatisfactory)	129	41	2	43	40	3	43	—
		—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Drainage (Insufficient) ...	341	14	—	14	—	14	14	—
(Defective) ...		22	—	22	11	10	21	1
Sanitary (Insufficient) Conveniences (Defective)	334	12	—	12	3	9	12	—
		17	4	21	10	11	21	—
Shops, Food Stores, etc. ...	89	16	3	19	19	—	19	—
Dairies, Cowsheds & Milkshops ...	39	2	—	2	1	1	2	—
Slaughter Houses ...	8	1	—	1	1	—	1	—
Tents, Vans, etc. ...	34	1	—	1	1	—	1	—
Offensive Trades ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Workshops and Workplaces ...	18	8	—	8	8	—	8	—
Keeping of Animals ...	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Insanitary Ashpits & Receptacles ...	147	54	25	79	50	14	70	9
Ashpits improperly used ...	12	4	—	4	4	—	4	—
Offensive accumulations ..	15	3	—	3	1	2	3	—
Smoke Nuisances ...	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Petrol Stores ...	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	1664	377	66	443	172	246	418	25

